WOODROW WILSON THE LIGHT WITHDRAWN

Extended Notes

24. 'Traitor'

PAGE

- 298 political representative: "Malone Nominated as Port Collector," New York Times, November 11, 1913, 6.
- 298 Malone made headlines: "Malone Aids Fight of Anti-Draft Press," New York Times, July 14, 1917, 7; "Wilson, Burleson, and Censorship in the First World War," Journal of Southern History, vol. 28, no. 1 (February 1962), 46–58, at 49. The New York meeting was held under the auspices of the Civil Liberties Bureau of the American Union Against Militarism. (The Bureau would later become the American Civil Liberties Union.) Also in attendance at the AUAM meeting in New York was Clarence Darrow, with whom Malone would pair in defending Tennessee teacher John T. Scopes against criminal charges for teaching evolution in the famous 1925 "Monkey Trial." Opposing Malone as a member of the state's prosecution team would be William Jennings Bryan. "Wilson, Burleson, and Censorship," 49; Jonathan K. Van Patten, "The Trial of John Scopes," South Dakota Law Review, vol. 66, no. 2 (Summer 2021), 273.
- 298 German influence: Louis Brownlow, A Passion for Anonymity (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1958), 76– 77.
- 298 *Gregory spotted Malone: JFF*, 116–117. Gregory, who did not recognize Stevens until Malone introduced her, began the conversation by addressing Malone: "I see you were mixed up with the suffragettes yesterday." Ibid.
- 298 pro se counsel ... "squirmed": "Blames Capitol Police," New York Times, July 17, 1917, 9.
- 299 "treasonable and seditious": "The United States Government on Trial," The Suffragist, vol. 5, no. 78 (July 21, 1917), 7.
- 299 Mullowney declared: SWP, 233.
- 299 two months: "Sixteen Militants Begin 60-Day Term," Washington Post, July 18, 1917, 1; "Suffragists Take 60– Day Sentence; Won't Pay Fines," New York Times, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 299 maximum penalty: "Suffragettes Sent to Occoquan," Washington Times, July 17, 1917, 1.
- 299 city prosecutor ... sharing a box: "Police Judge Alexander R. Mullowney," Washington Law Reporter, vol. 33, no. 41 (October 13, 1905); "Named by President," Richmond News Leader, October 6, 1905, 5; "Heard and Seen at the Ball Game," Washington Post, April 13, 1911, 2. Mullowney shared a box with Assistant Corporation Counsel Gus Schuldt.
- 299 prison workhouse: "Suffragists Take 60-Day Sentence; Won't Pay Fines," New York Times, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 300 the very day: "Pickets Amuse Court ... Dudley Field Malone a Witness," Washington Post, July 17, 1917, 12; "Suffragists Take 60–Day Sentence; Won't Pay Fines," New York Times, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 300 Creel could at least: "Malone Aids Fight of Anti-Draft Press," New York Times, July 14, 1917, 6.
- 300 form letter: Donald Johnson, "Wilson, Burleson, and Censorship in the First World War," Journal of Southern History, vol. 28, no. 1 (February 1962), 50.
- 300 "well-intentioned people": LL, 7:165n1.
- 300 They had done much: Eastman publicly supported Wilson in 1916 because he was committed to "keeping out of war." "Max Eastman for Wilson," *Times and Democrat* (Orangeburg, SC), October 17, 1916, 1.
- 300 AUAM was outraged: Max Eastman, Amos Pinchot, and John Reed to WW, July 12, 1917, PWW, 43:165-66.
- 300 emergency meeting: "Amos Pinchot: Rebel Prince," Pennsylvania History, vol. 66, no. 2 (Spring 1999), 166–198, at 189–193.
- 300 pledged to Pinchot: WW to Amos Pinchot, July 13, 1917, PWW, 43:164.
- 301 "sincere men": WW to Albert Burleson, July 13, 1917, PWW, 43:164.

- 301 *prepared a letter*: WW to Amos Pinchot, July 17, 1917, *PWW*, 43:193; Albert Burleson to WW, July 16, 1917, *PWW*, 43:187.
- 301 "shut off steam": "Limited to Tariff," Washington Evening Star, March 8, 1913, 9. "He spent no more than four or five hours a day on his work," according to biographer Gene Smith's description of the routine Wilson established his first year in office, and "he did not work on Saturdays or Sundays," preferring to follow a "schoolboy schedule." Gene Smith, When the Cheering Stopped (New York: William Morrow & Co., 1964), 5.
- 301 "nervous energy": "Suffragists Take 60-Day Sentence," New York Times.
- 301 forty-five minutes: Ibid.
- 301 *extraordinary confrontation*: We know the details of this White House meeting because Malone recounted them in person in a ninety-minute session with Colonel House, who in turn recorded them in his diary the same night, and because Malone dictated an even more extensive account in dialogue form, which Doris Stevens published in 1921. EMH Diary, July 26, 1917, *PWW*, 43:290; *JFF*, 158–62. Words within quotation marks are reproduced from Malone's account verbatim, except that first person pronouns are used and verb tenses changed to the present, where appropriate to represent dialogue.
- 303 "you do know": SWP, 227 (Malone's emphasis).
- 305 "Everything that you do": WW to Dudley Field Malone, June 22, 1916, PWW, 37:283.
- 306 Lost in thought: "16 Suffragists Sent to Jail for 60 Days," New York Tribune, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 306 upstairs to Edith: EBW, My Memoir (New York: Bobbs-Merrill Co., 1939), 138; Alden Hatch, Edith Bolling Wilson, First Lady Extraordinary (New York: Dodd, Mead & Co., 1961), 80.
- 306 *"did not sleep"*: EMH to Dudley Field Malone, July 31, 1917, box 76, folder 2562, House Papers, MS 466, Yale University Library.
- 306 front and center: "Suffragists Take 60 Day Sentence; Won't Pay Fines," New York Times, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 306 two lines of type: "Dudley Field Malone May Quit for Suffrage," Los Angeles Times, July 18, 1917, 1.
- 307 Wilson told him: Brownlow, A Passion for Anonymity, 78.
- 307 on leave ... Newman's replacement: "To Act Promptly on D.C. Vacancy," Washington Evening Star, July 16, 1917,
 1; "Gen. Knight Takes Oath of Office," ibid.
- 307 directly through: Brownlow, A Passion for Anonymity, 79.
- 307 *side by side*: "March of Home Defense League's Red Cross Unit of 1,050 Government Clerks for Review by Wilson," *Washington Post*, July 7, 1917, 2.
- 307 *he told Wilson ... "take further action"*: Brownlow, *Passion for Anonymity*, 78–79. Brownlow said Wilson instructed him to report in advance whenever "I, knowing of his dissent, nevertheless intended to take further action." Brownlow in turn agreed "to accept full responsibility." Ibid.
- 307 *recorded the encounter*: "Wilson, Shocked at Jailing Militants, May Advocate 'Votes for Women' as Part of War Emergency Program," *New York Times*, July 19, 1917, 1.
- 308 "a dirty workhouse": JFF, 110.
- 308 "outrageous and farcical": "Wilson, Shocked at Jailing Militants," New York Times.
- 308 "the only solution": JFF, 111.
- 308 "absolutely guiltless": J. A. H. Hopkins to Edwin Webb, August 9, 1917, box I:73, reel 46, NWP Records, Manuscript Division, Library of Congress; "Quotes Wilson's Views," New York Times, August 13, 1917, 9.
- 308 continued to press ... results: "Militants Freed at Wilson's Word," New York Times, July 20, 1917, 1.
- 308 "a day or two": Ibid.